

LiKang Front inserting coin acceptor

LK790 manual

V3.31

Product Features

- 1.Suitable for various of metal coins;
- 2.CPU process control, score accurately;
- 3.Special precise/normal stall, coin smoother;
- 4.Powerful prevent phishing and other means of cheating, with cheating alarm;
- 5.Excellent technology in circuit part,stable and reliable quality;
- 6.Double color light show receive coin, intuitively distinguish true or false coin;
- 7.Open cover design, completely solve the coins jamming and blocking;

Steps for usage

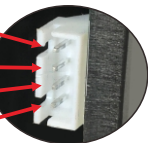
- 1.Adjust the metal piece on the rear of panel to prevent too large coins.
(This metal piece is optional);
- 2.Take out the plastic coin from the slot, put your coin in;
- 3.According to machine's motherboard,select the output mode
NC(normally close)/NO(normally open).Usually use NC stall
- 4.According to machine's motherboard,select the output pulse switch
(25ms/50ms/100ms,usually use 25ms) ; ;
- 5.According to your coin,select the sensitivity.If you require a high accuracy,adjust it
to "precision".If some true coins were misjudged as false coins, adjust it to "normal";
- 6.Install coin acceptor,it can be used after connecting power and signal wires.

Step②:Pull up, remove the red example coin, then put your reference coin.

Adjust the sensitivity slightly, the factory has adjusted to a reasonable position.



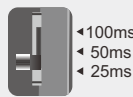
Code table(gray)
Power 12V(red)
Signal output(white)
Power Ground(black)
Code table(gray)



Step③:Set SW1 output mode, select NC/NO, the factory setting is NC.



Step④:Set SW2, select the output pulse switch(25 ms/ 50ms/100 ms),the factory setting is 25ms.



Step⑤:Set SW3, sensitivity switch, select precise/ normal, the factory setting is Normal.



Communication circuit

Coin detected "real coin", when the circuit gives a pulse signal (the pulse signal can be selected by the switch SW1,normally closed or normally open output;SW2 switch to select pulse width,see Figure 1)

The circuit output of this product is a triode collector or MOS tube drain open output , When it is used,users are advised to use optocouplers to receive signals when designing the interface circuit (see Figure 2).

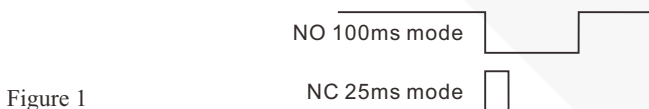
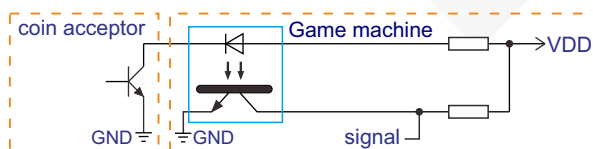


Figure 1

Figure 2



Step①:

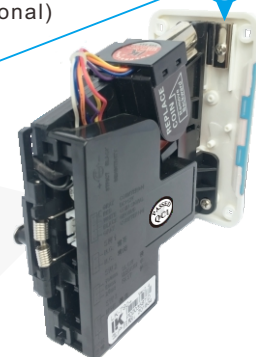
Adjust the metal piece to prevent too large coins.

Adjustment method: Loosen the screws, slide metal sheet vertically to the appropriate location. Down through, the coin diameter is smaller; upward through, the coin diameter is larger. Transfer to the appropriate position, and then tighten the screws. (This metal part is optional)

A



A



Mounting holes: With a square neck screw diameter of 4mm

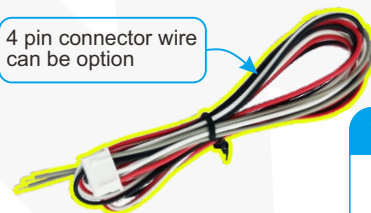
Coin slot: Please use the coins $\phi 20\text{mm} \sim \phi 29\text{mm}$, the thickness of the coins is 1.2mm~2.4mm.

Indicator light :

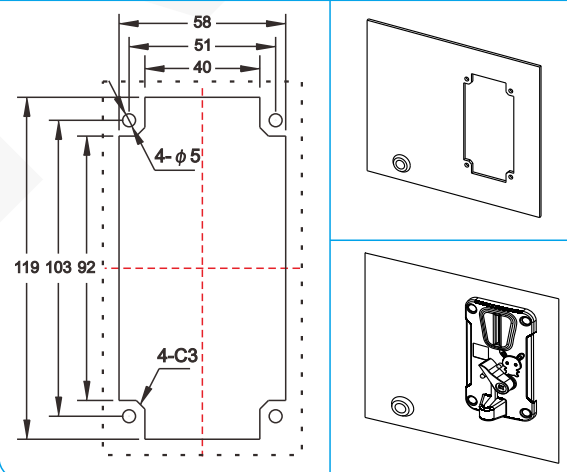
- ★ No sample coin display red;
- ★ With sample coin display green;
- ★ Insert true coin display green flicker more than once ;
- ★ Insert false coin display red flicker more than once ;
- ★ Coin acceptor stop working when display red (or flickering red) .

Coin bar; When a larger diameter coin or a foreign body stuck,flip the level to exit the foreign coin.

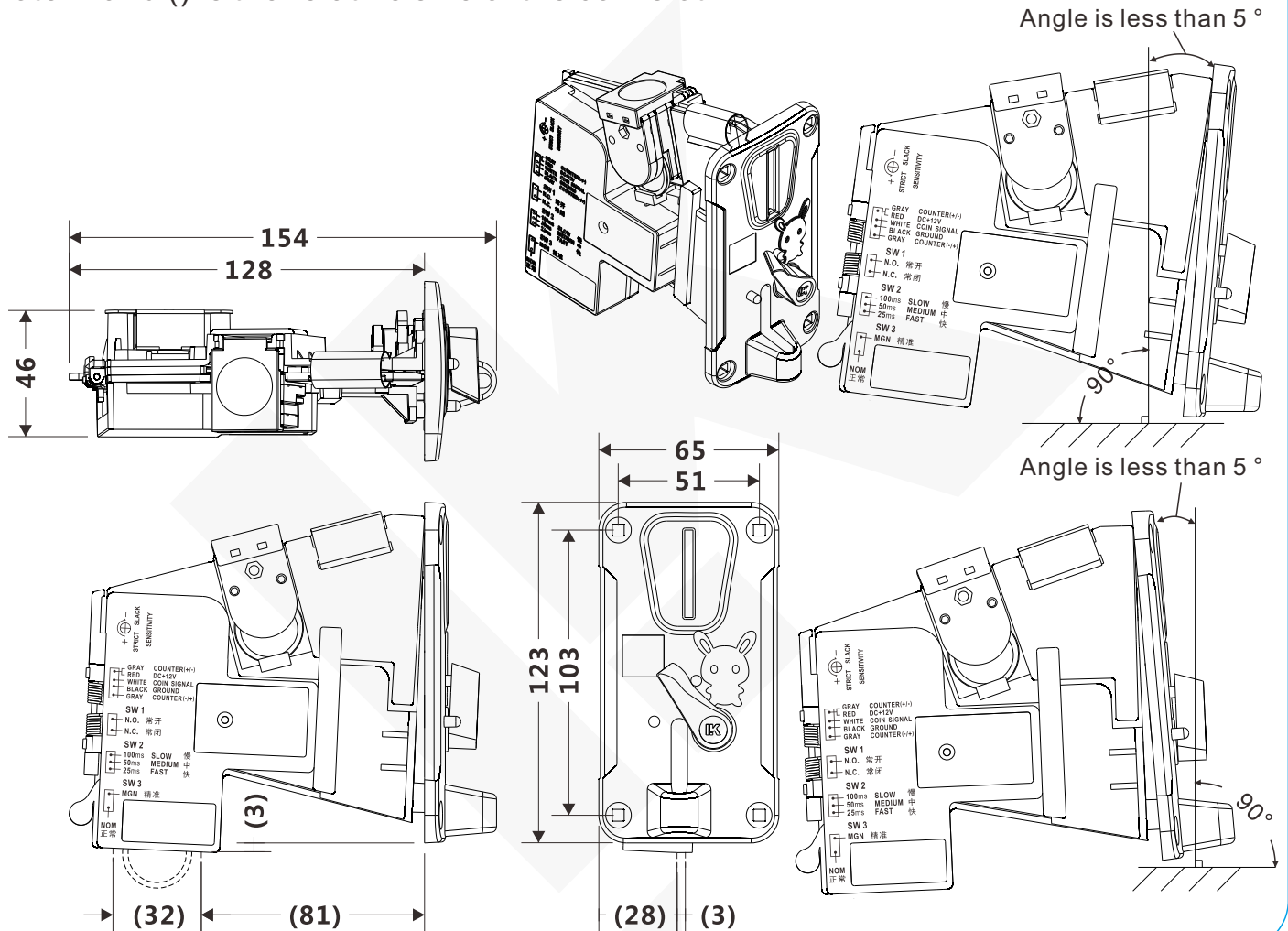
Coin mouth: False coin/foreign body from here to exit.



The size diagram and effect diagram Unit:mm



Note: Band () is the relative size of the coin slot



Common abnormalities handling

A. Coin not passed

- 1.If there is poor contact in the coin power outlet;
- 2.If the wiring is correct;
- 3.If there is a foreign body in the coin track;
- 4.If power supply 12V is normal;
- 5.If the out mouth of coin is smooth;
- 6.If prototype is fit correctly;
- 7.If mounting depth is enough;
- 8.If there is a foreign body in the coin track, such as electric eye position is blocked.

B. Coin not score

- 1.If SW1 NO/NC is set matched;
- 2.If SW2 plus width is matched;
- 3.If the signal is connected well, if connection method is correct;
- 4.Coin signal and open collector output, if the target board is connected with pull-up resistor.

C. Coin not smooth

- 1.Adjust precise switch, precision stall: more stringent selection, commonly normal stall;
- 2.If prototype is fit correctly;
- 3.If coin slot is smooth, such as hopper tank depositing port and slot machine outlet slot are aligned;
- 4.Adjust VR knob, clockwise screening more relaxed, counterclockwise more strict.

D. Accept false coin

- 1.Adjust precise switch to precision stall;
- 2.Counterclockwise adjust VR knob (counterclockwise more strict)

E. Code mode doesn't move

- 1.If the wiring is correct (An end of the code table is connected with code table line, the other end of DC+12V);
- 2.If the code mode is bad;
- 3.Cable resistance is too large, resulting in power is below standard;
- 4.The power supply voltage and rated voltage code table required are the consistent.

Basic parameters

Operating voltage		DC12V±10%
Standby currency		< 50mA
Operating currency (Maximum current)		< 650mA
Operating temperature		-15°C~65°C
Output mode		OC.
Output signal		25ms/50ms/100ms
Coin diameter		20~29mm
Coin thickness		1.2~2.4mm
Angle assembly		-5°~5°
Individual packaging	Meas	161*69*131mm
	Gross weight	Without wire 291g
		With wire 300g
Carton packaging	Package	30PCS/SET
	Meas	51*37*28cm
	Gross weight	Without wire 9.55KG
		With wire 9.81KG

Assemble requirements

To prevent interference from adjacent signals, the adjacent mounting distance should be greater than 15mm.

